

We inspire all learners to make a difference in the world



# Agency of Education Requirements: Act 173 and VTmtss



## Multi-Tiered System of Support

This is a problem solving process for school-wide instruction and intervention system, both behavioral and academic. The goal is for every student to participate fully in universal instruction and to be provided with optimal learning environments.



#### Social & Emotional Learning

This is a methodology that aims to foster social and emotional skills alongside school curriculum. It is comprised of 5 building blocks that allow children to thrive both academically and emotionally. It is the foundation for our approach to educating our students.





#### **Budget Priorities and Approach**

- Develop a fiscally responsible budget in our current economic climate that meets students' academic, social and emotional needs
- Address chronic capacity issues in elementary schools via installation of ZEMs
- Prioritize and protect the Facilities Stewardship Plan to address deferred maintenance
- More closely align staffing to student ratios to pre-ESSER funding levels

#### **Budget Priorities and Approach (cont.)**

Total staff FTEs reduced by 23.75\*

\*It would be premature to say which positions, we hope to maintain valuable staff through natural attrition

- Proposed ESSER-funded positions for FY24:
  - I.0 Student Engagement Coordinator (SBHS)
  - I.0 Math Interventionist (RMCS)
  - 0.4 FTE Art SBHS
- Proposed additions to local budget:
  - 0.5 FTE Communications Coordinator (Shifted from ESSER)
  - 3.0 FTE Math Interventionist: I at Orchard, Chamberlin and FHTMS (shifted from ESSER)
  - I.0 FTE Special Education Coordinator: 0.5 FHTMS, 0.5 elementary (FY22 FHTMS Special Education Building Coordinator/Special Educator)

#### **Budget Priorities and Approach (cont.)**

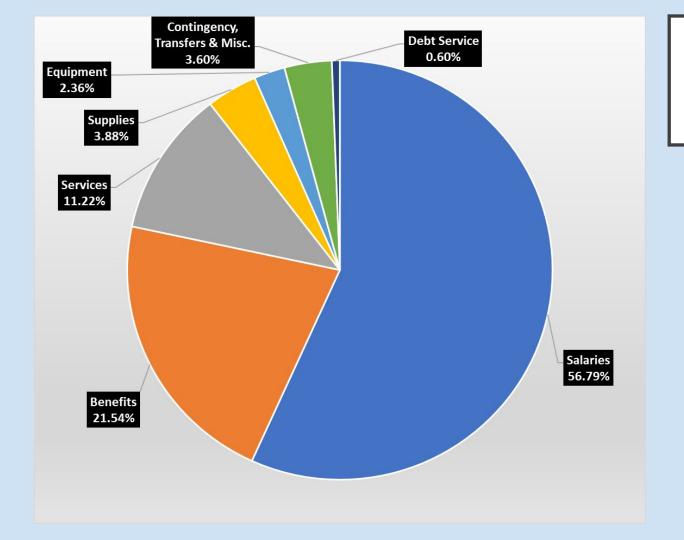
- 5% reduction in overall operating budgets in each school and central office (\$50,759 savings from current run-rate)
- Reduction of proposed facilities operating budget (\$265K in various projects to be deferred)
- Included cost-neutral and cost-saving positions
- Closed 8 of the 28 open requisitions currently unfilled (\$412,670 savings from current run-rate)

# PROPOSED FY24 BUDGET SPENDING SUMMARY

+ 7.17% Proposed increase for SBSD Expense Budget from FY23 approved budget to FY24 proposed budget

**+3.93**% Impact on Homestead (Residential) School Tax Rate for FY24 (assuming no property tax credit)





# FY2024 Proposed SBSD Expense Budget



# FACTORS IMPACTING THE FY24 BUDGET APPROACH AND PROPOSAL



#### Projected Changes in Expenditures, Revenues, State-Imposed Factors

#### **Expenditures**

- Significant increase (6.5% over 12 months as of December 2022) in consumer price index, causing upward pressure on all supplies, professional services, and equipment.
- All unions are negotiating, with contingency funds reflective of a different economic climate
- 12+% Increase in Health Insurance Costs
- Ongoing labor shortage requiring significant market adjustments to attract and retain employees
- Deferred maintenance of facilities, furniture replacements, no maintenance reserve fund
- First year debt associated with bond for capital facility improvements and bonding for ZEMs\*

#### Revenues

- Surplus likely not available to offset the FY24 budget (versus \$2 million surplus leveraged to help fund the FY23 budget)
- ESSER funding to offset pandemic related expenditures will be largely utilized and funding significantly reduced in FY24

#### **State Factors**

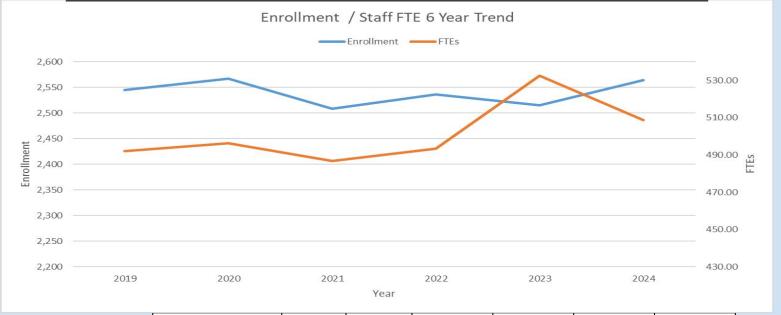
- Statewide average Education Spending is anticipated to rise by over 8.5%
- The announced Yield increased by an additional 16.2% for FY24
- Equalized Pupil count is 2,561.11
- Common Level of Appraisal announced at 92.97 down from 100.99 in FY23

# Student Enrollment History/Projections (Includes tuition students)

School	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23 (current)	FY24 (Projected)	FY25 (Projected0	FY26 (Projected)	FY27 (Projected)
GCS (PK - 5)	285	275	282	269	262	270	273	285	294
RMCS (PK - 5)	358	376	398	415	437	449	457	465	456
ORCH (PK - 5)	406	433	415	441	451	475	488	491	485
Elementary (PK - 5)	1,049	1,084	1,095	1,125	1,150	1,194	1,218	1,241	1,235
FHTMS	575	564	506	492	516	556	593	587	617
SBHS	921	919	907	919	849	814	759	774	812
Total Enrollment (PK - 12)	2,545	2,567	2,508	2,536	2,515	2,564	2,570	2,602	2,664

Projected enrollment from McKibben Demographic Research, Inc Population and Enrollment Forecasts, November 2022

#### **Staff Level Trends**



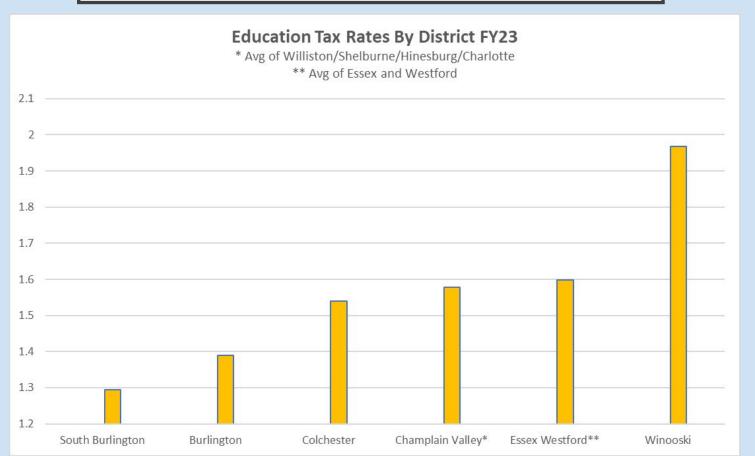
\*FY24 enrollment is forecast from McKibben study Enrollment includes PreK and tuition students FTEs include unfilled and ESSER positions

Year	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Enrollment	2,545	2,567	2,508	2,536	2,515	2,564
FTEs	492.00	496.20	486.86	493.35	532.54	508.79
Student / FTE Ratio	5.17	5.17	5.15	5.14	4.72	5.04

#### **Comparative Tax Rate Information for 2023**

District	Cost Per Pupil	FY23 Homestead Education Tax Rate	State Rank (of 259) (1= Highest Tax Rate, 259 = Lowest Tax Rate)
Winooski	\$19,829	\$1.969	4th highest
Burlington	\$19,311	\$1.389	185th highest
Champlain Valley School District	\$18,454	\$1.6359	59th highest
Essex/ Westford	\$18,146	\$1.602/\$1.593	74th highest/78th highest
South Burlington	\$17,419	\$1.2953	216th highest or 44th lowest in state (17th percentile)
Colchester	\$16,456	\$1.539	110th highest

# FY23 Homestead Tax Rate Comparisons with Neighboring Districts





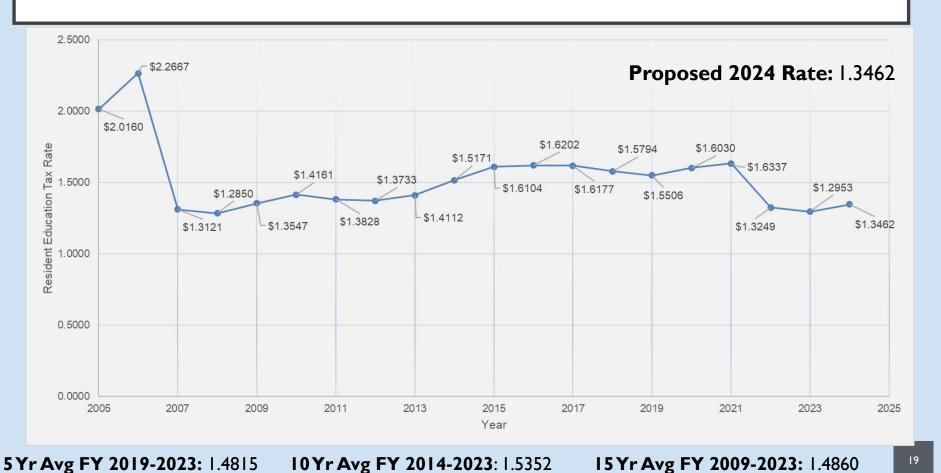


## **Budget Details**

#### SBSD Budget Worksheet for Proposed FY24 Budget

FY24 Proposed Budget	\$62,528,029
Less Offsetting Local, State and Federal Revenues	\$12,911,955
=Education Spending	\$49,616,074
Equalized Pupils	2,561.11
Cost per Equalized Pupil (Ed Spending/Equalized Pupil)	\$19,372.88
Yield (set by the Legislature)	\$15,479
Equalized Tax Rate (Cost Per EP/Yield)	\$1.2516
Common Level of Appraisal (CLA)	92.97%
= Actual Residential Tax Rate (Equalized Tax Rate divided by the CLA)	\$1.3462

#### Residential Education Tax Rate 19 Year Trend



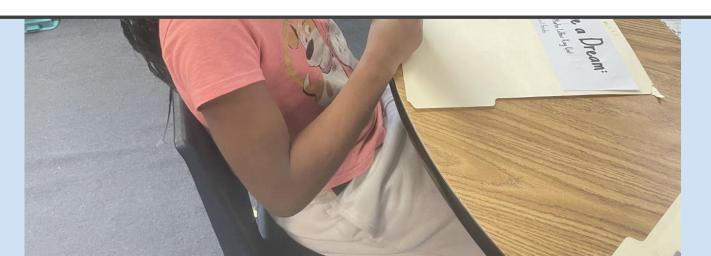
#### **FY24 Budget Impact on School Property Taxes**

YEAR	Value <sup>(1)</sup> \$100,000	Value <sup>(2)</sup> \$293,152		Value <sup>(3)</sup> \$437,384
2023-24 Annualized School Tax	\$1,346	\$3,946		\$5,888
2022-23 Annualized School Tax	\$1,295	\$3,797		\$5,665
Annual Change (rounded)	\$51	\$149		\$223
Monthly Change (rounded)	\$4	\$12		\$19

(1) Per \$100,000 of assessed value
(2) Average Condo value in South Burlington
(3) Average Primary Home value in South Burlington
(4) The School District Tax Rate is subject to change based on legislative actions taken after the budget vote. Also, these calculations do not take into account any property tax credits that the taxpayer may be eligible for based on homestead income



#### PROPOSED BOND



#### **Proposed Bond**

- Total Bond Request: \$14,550,000
- \$6 Million for Classroom ZEMs (Zero Energy Modular Classrooms)\*
  - \*Now implemented, impact fees will cover an estimated 91% of cost of ZEMs, excluding financing
- \$8.55 Million for various capital improvement items in the Stewardship Plan:
  - Roofing (\$2.35 million)
  - HVAC/Plumbing/AHU (\$422.9 thousand)
  - Window Replacement (\$1 million)
  - Bathrooms (\$1.425 million)
  - Parking Lot/Sidewalk (\$1.85 million)
  - Kitchens (\$1.5 million)

#### ORCHARD SCHOOL

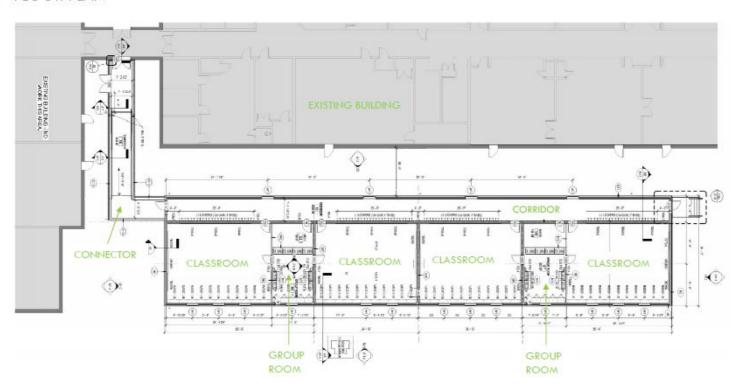
SITE PLAN

- Each classroom averages 918.5 square feet
- Each Project Room averages 257 square feet



## ORCHARD SCHOOL

FLOOR PLAN



#### CENTRAL SCHOOL

SITE PLAN

\*This plan is still under review by the City of South Burlington.

(1) PLANTING SHLANGSHINT

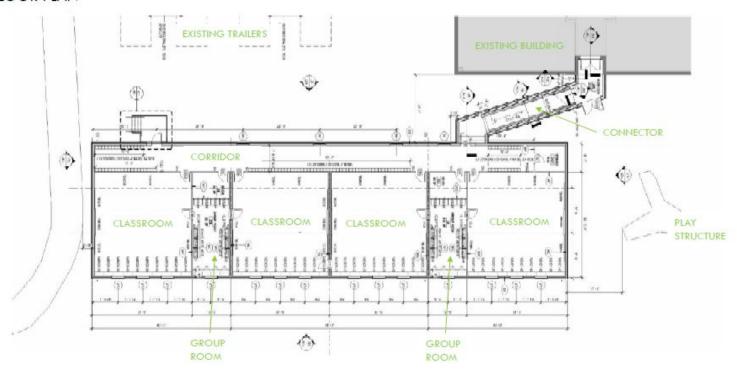
- Each classroom averages 959 square feet
- Each Project Room averages 262 square feet





#### CENTRAL SCHOOL

FLOOR PLAN



#### **Bond Amortization Schedule & Impact Fee Revenues (Illustrative)**

filmorrow and	ZEM	4-4-	Projected Offset from Impact	1	Stewardship	Stewardship	Stewardship	Grand Total in
FY	Principal	ZEM Interest	Fees	ZEM Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Local Budget
2024	\$0	\$150,891	The collection of	\$150,891	\$0	\$285,871	\$285,871	\$436,762
2025	\$750,000	\$172,630	and the second s	\$922,630	\$427,500	\$340,139	\$767,639	\$1,690,269
2026	\$750,000	\$149,613	Impact Fees is	\$899,613	\$427,500	\$322,696	\$750,196	\$1,649,809
2027	\$750,000	\$126,595	projected to cover	\$876,595	\$427,500	\$305,253	\$732,753	\$1,609,348
2028	\$750,000	\$103,578		\$853,578	\$427,500	\$287,810	\$715,310	\$1,568,888
2029	\$750,000	\$80,561	an estimated 91%	\$830,561	\$427,500	\$270,367	\$697,867	\$1,528,428
2030	\$750,000	\$57,543	of the principal cost	\$807,543	\$427,500	\$252,924	\$680,424	\$1,487,967
2031	\$750,000	\$34,526		\$784,526	\$427,500	\$235,481	\$662,981	\$1,447,507
2032	\$750,000	\$11,509	of the ZEMs,	\$761,509	\$427,500	\$218,038	\$645,538	\$1,407,047
2033	\$0	\$0	excluding financing	\$0	\$427,500	\$200,595	\$628,095	\$628,095
2034					\$427,500	\$183,152	\$610,652	\$610,652
2035					\$427,500	\$165,709	\$593,209	\$593,209
2036					\$427,500	\$148,266	\$575,766	\$575,766
2037					\$427,500	\$130,823	\$558,323	\$558,323
2038					\$427,500	\$113,380	\$540,880	\$540,880
2039					\$427,500	\$95,937	\$523,437	\$523,437
2040					\$427,500	\$78,494	\$505,994	\$505,994
2041					\$427,500	\$61,051	\$488,551	\$488,551
2042					\$427,500	\$43,608	\$471,108	\$471,108
2043					\$427,500	\$26,165	\$453,665	\$453,665
2044					\$427,500	\$8,722	\$436,222	\$436,222
2045					\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL	\$6,000,000	\$887,446	-\$5,460,000	\$1,427,446	\$8,550,000	\$3,774,481	\$12,324,481	\$13,751,927

#### UNDERSTANDING THE BALLOT

Shall the issuance of general obligation bonds or notes of the South Burlington School District be authorized in an amount not to exceed Fourteen Million Five Hundred and Fifty Thousand (\$14,550,000) Dollars for the purposes of financing the final design, permitting, site work and the construction of renovations, capital improvements and additions to several District school buildings and facilities, together with related eligible project expenses, such improvements to include the addition of zero energy modules (ZEMS) as well as capital improvements pursuant to the District's Facilities Stewardship Plan? State funds are not available at this time, or this project is not eligible to receive state school construction aid. The South Burlington School District will be responsible for all costs and any borrowing and the costs of the planned improvements and additions. Yes to authorize The total amount of the maintenance that includes the funds bond including 8 ZEMs at roofing, HVAC and plumbing, 2 elementary schools and

No to decline the

authorization of

funds

updating kitchen, bathrooms,

windows, parking lots and

sidewalks

28

deferred maintenance

district

across all 5 schools in the

#### **UPCOMING EVENTS: FY24 BUDGET**

- February 6, 2023 South Burlington Business Association Presentation
- February 6, 2023 Channel 17 Presentation
- February 13, 2023 The Pines Presentation

March 7, 2023 - City vote on budget and bond





#### **DISCUSSION & QUESTIONS**







## Glossary:

**Average Daily Membership (ADM)**: is a count of resident and state-placed students who receive an elementary or secondary education at public expense. This census data is collected between the 11th and 30th days of the new school year and is used in calculating the number of equalized pupils.

Common Level of Appraisal (CLA): is the ratio of a town's grand list property values to actual homestead market values. This is based on an equalization study performed by the VT Tax Department every year that reviews home sales prices for all the arms-length sales in a town over the prior three year period. The study considers recent sales price (and not the assessed value on the grand list) as the best measure of current market value. For a given level of budgeted Expenditures, changes in the CLA alone can have a significant impact on residential property taxes, especially if home values are generally rising and the town's assessed grand list values are stale (eg no recent reappraisal). Typically, if a CLA decreases then property taxes will increase, and vice versa.

**Education Spending:** is the amount that needs to be raised by education property taxes, augmented by the Education Fund. This is a calculation of a town's voted and approved budgeted expenditures minus local revenues.

**Equalized Pupil**: is a calculation that leverages the Average Daily Membership along with other demographic weighted factors in each district (such as distribution of students by grade, poverty levels, students for whom English is not their primary language, etc). A two-year average is used to smooth out annual student population fluctuations in school districts. The objective of calculating equalized pupils is to create an "average" student in terms of assumed costs for a given district. The current formula will be significantly updated for FY25.

## Glossary (Continued):

**Equalized Homestead Tax Rate:** is a calculation of Education Spending per equalized pupil divided by the Property Tax Yield.

**Expenditures:** are the total dollars a school district intends to spend in a given Fiscal Year (July 1- June 30).

**Income Sensitivity:** refers to a test in the tax code that allows certain homestead owners who meet designated criteria to have their total property tax bill reduced by a property tax credit based on income.

**Local Revenues:** are money the district has or is owed (e.g. grants, federal dollars, state aid for special education, tuitions, surplus, etc.).

Residential Tax Rate (or Homestead Actual Residential Tax Rate): is a calculation that divides the Equalized Homestead Tax Rate by the Common Level of Appraisal (CLA). This rate is then multiplied by the assessed value of your homestead and divided by 100. The resulting education tax is added to the municipal tax to calculate your total property tax due (before any tax credits from the Income Sensitivity test).

## Glossary (Continued):

Yield (or Property Tax Yield): is set by the Legislature annually and is the amount equivalent to a \$1 homestead tax rate. The Yield is difficult to estimate prior to the VT Tax Commissioners recommendation on December 1st as it is driven by the financial status of the state's education fund and other political factors. The final Yield is not typically finalized by the Legislature until the end of the session (i.e. after school budgets have been voted on).

For more detailed information, please visit Vermont Agency of Education Tax Rate Calculations/Frequently Asked Questions: https://tax.vermont.gov/property/education-property-tax-rates/faqs